

Equality, Fairness and Rights Impact Assessment (EFRIA)

The Equality, Fairness and Rights Impact Assessment (EFRIA) is one of our specific duties to [assess the impact](#) of applying a new or revised policy or practice against the needs of the General Equality Duty. This means East Renfrewshire Council must be mindful when assessing impact against these needs to:

- ensure the policy does not discriminate unlawfully
- consider how the policy might better advance equality of opportunity
- consider whether the policy will affect good relations between different groups

The Fairer Scotland Duty places a legal responsibility on particular public bodies in Scotland to actively consider ('pay due regard' to) how they can reduce inequalities of outcome caused by socioeconomic disadvantage, when making strategic decisions. The UN Convention of the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) is an international human rights treaty which sets out the rights every child has. The Scottish Government is currently seeking to incorporate the UNCRC into Scot's law

The Equality, Fairness and Rights Impact assessment considers how a policy* could impact on the needs of individuals protected by the [Public Sector Equality Duty](#), [the Fairer Scotland Duty](#) and the [UN Convention of the Rights of the Child](#).

Name of policy*:	Reduction in Brown Bin Service
Description of policy:	The proposal is to change brown bin collections from weekly to fortnightly
Why is the policy required?	As a budget saving
Date EFIRA completed:	October 2024
Completed by:	
Lead officer for policy:	John Buchanan
Department:	Environment

*The term 'policy' covers any work or function of East Renfrewshire Council i.e. customer and service delivery, staffing, criteria, practices, proposals, activities and decision-making

Guidance – please read

Section 1

This section enables you to determine if a full assessment is required. If a full assessment is not required, this must be clearly stated in **Section 9** of the form.

Section **2-8** is the full assessment covering the sections listed below:

2	Engagement and Consultation Give details of how different groups have been consulted about the policy.
3	Impact on individuals or groups with protected characteristics How will the policy impact individuals or groups who fall under one of the nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation?
4	Impact on socio-economic disadvantage How will the policy impact individuals or groups disadvantaged by poverty, low income, homelessness or lack of or low-level educational qualifications?
5	Impact on Children and Young People How will the policy impact on the rights and needs of children and young people?
6	Contractors and suppliers Will the policy be delivered by any contractors or suppliers in full or partially?
7	Outcome of assessment and action plan What is your decision based on the assessment and are there any mitigations or actions that need to be addressed?
8	Approval Details of when and who approved the policy.

Section 9 should only be completed where the screening shows no assessment is required

When completing the assessment you must consider relevant evidence, including information received from equality groups. This evidence should inform the result of your impact assessment. You're required to take action to address any issues identified, such as removing or mitigating any negative impacts, where possible, and enhancing any potential for positive impact. If any adverse impact could result in unlawful discrimination, the policy must be fully reviewed and amended.

All impact assessments will be published on the Council website

1. Screening

This section should be completed to establish if a full assessment is required.

1.1 What is the nature of the work or activity?	
Select a category from below that explains the work or activity you are doing.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Policy or Strategy <input type="checkbox"/> Programme or Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Project delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Service or Function <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Budget proposal <input type="checkbox"/> Other please state: Click or tap here to enter text.	Is this work or activity? <input type="checkbox"/> New <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Change or review of existing <input type="checkbox"/> Other- Please state: Click or tap here to enter text.
1.2 What will happen as a result of this policy?	
What changes will come about for individuals and groups through this policy?- Select all that apply	
<input type="checkbox"/> Change to Council, Trust or HSCP charging arrangements (including introduction, removal, increase or decrease) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Change to how a service is delivered (including addition, change or removal of practices/procedures/processes) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Change to provision of services or staffing <input type="checkbox"/> Change to entitlement or eligibility for service delivery or welfare/benefit access <input type="checkbox"/> Other. Please state: Click or tap here to enter text.	

1.3 Is there any indication or evidence the policy will discriminate unlawfully; affect equality of opportunity for different groups or affect good relations between different groups?

Will any individuals be treated less fairly than others if this policy is implemented? This includes employees, residents, community groups and visitors to the area.

- ☒ Yes
☐ No
☐ Don't Know

1.4 What groups of individuals are likely to be impacted by this policy?

Select which groups of individuals are likely to be impacted positively or negatively if this policy is implemented.

- ☒ The policy has potential to impact **individuals with protected characteristics***
☐ The policy has potential to impact **socioeconomic disadvantage** for individuals**
☐ The policy has potential to impact **children and young people up to the age of 18**
☐ The policy has no impact on individuals

***Protected Characteristics** are age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

****Socio-economic disadvantage** is where an individual is disadvantaged by poverty, low income, homelessness or lack of or low-level educational qualifications

1.5 What individuals will be affected?

Tick all that apply

- ☐ East Renfrewshire Council employees
☐ Organisations or individuals carrying out a service on behalf of the Council
☐ Voluntary sector groups/organisations
☐ People living in a specific area of East Renfrewshire. Please state: [Click or tap here to enter text.](#)
☒ Everyone living in East Renfrewshire
☐ People working, studying or volunteering in East Renfrewshire

- ☐ Visitors to East Renfrewshire
- ☐ A group of people with a shared interest:
- ☐ Experiencing socioeconomic disadvantage (this includes low/no wealth, low income, area deprivation or material deprivation)
- ☐ Being in a particular age category
- ☐ Being from a black or minority ethnic group e.g. Gypsy/Travellers
- ☐ Speaking a language other than English
- ☐ Women/girls
- ☐ Identifying as Lesbian, Gay Bisexual or Transgender
- ☐ Belonging to a particular religion or belief
- ☐ Pregnant women or those on maternity/paternity leave
- ☐ Having a long term limiting health condition or disability
- ☐ Providing unpaid care for others
- ☐ Another group e.g. those experiencing homelessness, offenders/ex-offenders. Please detail: Click or tap here to enter text.
- ☐ Children and young people living in East Renfrewshire
- ☐ Children and young people using East Renfrewshire Council services
- ☐ Children and young people visiting East Renfrewshire
- ☐ None of the above

Review your answers above.

- If the policy has **no impact on individuals**, and you have selected 'no' to section 1.3, an impact assessment is not required. **GO TO SECTION 9**
- If the policy will have an impact on individuals and/or you have selected 'yes or don't know' to section 1.3, complete the full assessment. **GO TO SECTION 2**

2. Engagement and Consultation

This section will assess how the policy is being communicated to certain groups and how you have consulted them.

2.1 How have individuals (incl. children & young people) who might be affected by the policy been consulted or involved?

This can include a summary of findings from recent consultations, surveys, user research or customer testing that has been carried out. Include dates and information.

2.2 How will you communicate information about this policy to individuals who have: hearing and/or sight loss; English as an additional language; are digitally excluded; have literacy/numeracy barriers?

Think about how you will communicate information about the policy to the above individuals. This may include printed materials being accessible in other formats, e.g. Braille, easy to read, translated in other languages. More information can be found [here](#).

To ensure that the change to the frequency of brown bin collections is communicated effectively, particularly for those with barriers such as disabilities, English as an additional language or those digitally excluded we will utilise multiple communication channels including traditional and digital:

- Letter drop to all properties through-out the district
- Social media

3. Impact on groups with protected characteristics

This section will assess if the policy has potential to impact individuals with protected characteristics. You should consider any evidence or information you have on how it will affect different groups of individuals, both positively and negatively.

Below is a suggested list of sources:

- Input from local Councillors
- Findings from engagement exercise and consultations.
- Information or feedback from groups of individuals, such as equality interest organisations or groups who speak on behalf of others
- National, regional or local statistics
- Analysis of enquiries or complaints from customers
- Recommendations from inspections or audits
- National or regional research to identify similar issues
- Comparisons with similar policies in other departments or authorities to identify similar issues

You may want to consider collecting new evidence that you don't have but think will be relevant. For example: setting up meetings or focus groups, carrying out user research.

3.1 Are there known inequalities within the policy?

For example: barriers to transport for some groups; opening hours and location, organisational pay, terms or conditions; how public information is provided?

There are no known inequalities with the change to this policy, whilst there is a reduction in collections we would look to provide the public with information on home composting and educational information online.

3.2 Use the table below to consider how the policy may impact on a particular group with protected characteristics through reviewing the evidence, experience and needs of this group

Characteristics/circumstances	Evidence, experience and needs- outline any data or research that shows how this group may be impacted (include sources)	Will the impact on this group be positive, neutral or negative and why?
Age	According to Statista the most common age bracket of people who enjoyed gardening was 55 and older.	Negative– as people aged 55 or over most enjoy gardening the reduction in the service may have an impact on them doing so with less frequent uplifts. This could affect up to 34,000 of East Renfrewshire residents being within this age bracket.
Disability or long term health condition	There are many positive effects: physical, emotional and social that are associated with gardening. Many of these advantages may be especially beneficial to people with autism, who may have greater than usual	Negative – the reduction in garden waste collections could limit how frequently individuals in this protected characteristic group can fill up their bin with garden waste.

	levels of anxiety and require safe ways to engage their senses and practice motor and social skills. In East Renfrewshire 17% of the population report day to day activities being limited by long term health problems or a disability.	
Race		
Sex	A 2020 survey revealed close competition between genders in household gardening. 35% of men reported being the primary gardeners in their homes, only slightly ahead of the 33% of women who claimed the same. ² This suggests a relatively even distribution of green-fingered enthusiasts across genders at home, despite women being the majority in the broader UK gardening scene.	Neutral- the evidence does not suggest that those within this protected characteristic group will experience any specific impacts.
Gender reassignment	In the 2022 Census , 0.45% of the over-16 population in East Renfrewshire, 346 individuals identified as Trans or reported having a history of being a Trans-person.	Neutral- while those who have been through gender reassignment will be impacted by this proposal, the evidence does not suggest that those within this protected characteristic group will experience any specific impacts
Marriage/Civil Partnership (only applicable to Council employment policy)	N/A	N/A
Pregnancy / Maternity	In 2023, there were 799 births in East Renfrewshire. This is an increase of 7.2% from 745 births in 2022.	Neutral- while those pregnant and on maternity leave will be impacted by this proposal, the evidence does not suggest that those within this protected characteristic group will experience any specific impacts

Religion / Belief	<p>East Renfrewshire is home to 13 faith groups ,with the largest group now being those who identify with no religion, reflecting a broader trend across Scotland. This group saw a 53% increase, adding 12,770 individuals. The Muslim population also grew significantly by 76%, making up 5.5% of the local population, the second-highest proportion in Scotland. The Hindu population saw the second-largest growth rate, increasing by 242%, particularly among younger age groups.</p> <p>East Renfrewshire has the highest proportion of people following Judaism in Scotland at 1.6%, and is home to 25.8% of the country's Jewish population. But the Jewish population has declined by 37%, nearly 900 people, with the most significant drop among those aged 16 to 24. The Church of Scotland also experienced a 33% decrease in followers, mirroring a nationwide trend, though it remains the largest religious group in the area. Meanwhile, the Roman Catholic population has remained relatively stable, with only a 1% decrease overall, but an increase in followers aged 50 and above (Scotland Census 2022).</p>	Neutral- while those with religious backgrounds and beliefs will be impacted by this proposal, the evidence does not suggest that those within this protected characteristic group will experience any specific impacts
Sexual orientation	The Census revealed that 68,808 people in East Renfrewshire identified as straight or heterosexual, representing 88.8% of the	Neutral- while those with any sexual orientation will be impacted by this proposal, the evidence does not suggest that those

	population aged 16 and over. A further 7,175 individuals, or 9.3%, did not respond to this question. The Census also identified 1,474 people as LGBTQ+, making up 1.9% of the population aged 16 and over, which is the second-lowest percentage among all local authorities in Scotland.	within this protected characteristic group will experience any specific impacts.
Providing unpaid care	N/A	N/A
Any other relevant groups e.g. unemployed people, people experiencing homelessness, care leavers, people involved in the criminal justice system, people with literacy/numeracy barriers, people living in rural communities.		

3.3 In what ways, if any, would this policy help to eliminate discrimination or undermine it?

Discrimination means treating individuals differently from others. For example, not recruiting someone as they are deemed too old/young; or a support group running on an upper floor with no lift access will discriminate against people with mobility issues or wheelchair users

None

3.4 In what ways, if any, would this policy advance or undermine equality of opportunity?

This is when individuals from different backgrounds are treated fairly through providing an equal footing or level playfield to achieve outcomes. For example, children who have additional support needs are provided with teaching support to fully participate in the school curriculum or a deaf BSL user is provided with a BSL interpreter at health appointments.

None

3.5 In what ways, if any, would this policy foster or undermine good relations between groups of individuals?

Consider aspects that may tackle prejudice or promote understanding between different groups. For example, ensuring new arrivals and refugees are given supports to integrate within local communities or an LGBTQI+ youth group provide training on LGBTQI+ experiences to a local faith group

The reduction in brown bin collections collection may encourage people to compost/recycle more potentially bringing community members together around shared environmental goals/solutions, neighbours to elderly/disabled residents may help them manage their waste fostering community bonds.

Undermine good relations- some groups (such as large families/elderly residents/people with limited indoor space) might feel disproportionately impacted and could lead to perceptions of unfairness.

4. Impact on socio-economic disadvantage

This section will assess how the policy may impact socio-economic disadvantage for individuals.

Socio-economic disadvantage is where an individual is disadvantaged by poverty, low income, homelessness or lack of or low-level educational qualifications. Socio-economic disadvantage can be experienced in both geographical communities and communities of interest i.e. a group that share a common characteristic or circumstance. In East Renfrewshire there are a number of communities, known as locality planning areas, where people are at greater risk of experiencing socio-economic disadvantage including,

- Barrhead – Dunterlie, East Arthurlie and Dovecothall
- Auchenback
- Neilston
- Thornliebank

Consider the policy itself and the way it will be implemented. How will this deliver different experiences for individuals in East Renfrewshire?

4.1 In the section below consider how the policy may impact socio-economic disadvantage through reviewing the evidence, experience and needs of this group

Characteristics/circumstances	Evidence, experience and needs- outline any data or research that shows how this group may be impacted (include sources)	Will the impact on this group be positive, neutral or negative and why?
Socio-economic	All groups will be impacted in the same manner as the change is for all residents within East Renfrewshire.	Neutral

4.2 Consider the impact outline in section 4.1, In what way would the policy alleviate or increase inequalities in socio-economic disadvantage?

Consider common inequalities such as poorer skills and attainment; lower paid and less secure work; greater chance of being a victim of crime; less chance of being treated with dignity and respect; lower healthy life expectancy; lower feeling of control over decisions that affect you.

N/A

4.3 What opportunities are there within this policy and the way it will be implemented to promote inclusion, participation, dignity and empowerment of people experiencing socio-economic disadvantage?

For example, a new health centre is being built and considers affordability of public transport options for residents.

All groups will be impacted in the same manner as the change is for all residents within East Renfrewshire.

4.4 Is there anything in particular that will be done to address the multiple inequalities experienced by some people in Auchenback, Barrhead, Neilston and Thornliebank?

None

5. Impact on Children and Young People

This section must be completed if any potential impact on children and young individuals up to the age of 18 have been identified in sections 1-4.

5.1 Are there known impacts on children and young people within the subject matter of the policy?

For example, changes to out-of-school services, employment support for parents, play parks.

No

If there is no impact on children and young people GO TO SECTION 6

5.2 In the section below outline the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) General principle that is relevant, the particular groups of children that will be affected and how this will impact them

Which [General Principles of UNCRC](#) are relevant to this policy/measure?

Tick all that apply

Which particular groups of children and young people are affected by this policy?

(e.g. young children, children with disabilities, children living in poverty, children in care, young people who offend).

Article 2

Non-discrimination

Children should not be discriminated against in the enjoyment of their rights. No child should be discriminated against because of the situation or status of their parent/carer(s).

☐

<p>Article 3 Best interests of the child Every decision and action taken relating to a child must be in their best interests. Governments must take all appropriate legislative and administrative measures to ensure that children have the protection and care necessary for their wellbeing - and that the institutions, services and facilities responsible for their care and protection conform with established standards.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<p>Article 6 Life, survival and development Every child has a right to life and to develop to their full potential.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<p>Article 12 Respect for the views of the child Every child has a right to express their views and have them given due weight in accordance with their age and maturity. Children should be provided with the opportunity to be heard, either directly or through a representative or appropriate body.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<p>Which additional articles are relevant to this policy/measure? List all that apply</p>		

In relation to the articles identified above, explain how the impact will be positive, negative or neutral.

Relevant identified Article of UNCRC	Impact category (Positive/Negative/Neutral)	Assessment of impact (including consideration of whether the policy might impact different groups of children and young people in any other way).

5.3 What opportunities are there within this policy to advance or undermine the rights of children and young people?

Explain how the policy can strengthen or weaken the rights of children and young individuals

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5.4 What opportunities are there within this policy to protect and promote the wellbeing of children and young people?

For example promoting physical activity and healthy eating.

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6. Contractors and suppliers

6.1 Will the policy be carried out by contractors or suppliers?

This includes fully or partially. If yes, how will you incorporate equality expectations into the contract?

This will be implemented by current Neighbourhood Services staff.

7. Outcome of assessment and action plan

You have completed sections 1-6 above and assessed the impact of the policy on individuals with protected characteristics, those experiencing socio-economic disadvantage and children and young people. The following section outlines your decision based on this assessment, mitigations and actions that can be taken to reduce any negative impacts.

7.1 Having assessed the impact of the policy under sections 3,4 and 5 select the most appropriate outcome

Which option below best describes your next steps?

☒ Continue the policy as is

☐ Adjust the policy

☐ Stop the policy

7.2 Are there any significant and relevant information gaps that have not been filled during the development of this policy and how do you plan to address these during the life of the policy?

7.3 Briefly summarise how your evidence and assessment demonstrates any potential impacts, both positive and negative, on groups with protected characteristics from this policy?

The evidence suggest the change in frequency could have a negative impact on people over the age of 55 given that they are most likely to enjoy gardening.

7.4 Briefly summarise how your evidence and assessment demonstrates any potential impact, both positive and negative, on individuals and communities experiencing socio-economic disadvantage from this policy?

There is no evidence to suggest that the change in policy would have any impact on individuals or communities experiencing socio-economic disadvantage.

7.5 Briefly summarise how your evidence and assessment demonstrates any potential impacts, both positive and negative, on the rights of children and young people from this policy?

There is no evidence to suggest that the change would have an impact on the rights of children and young people.

7.6 How long will this policy be in place and when is it scheduled for review?

Is this a temporary or permanent change and are there plans to review the policy?

The policy change would be permanent with a status report due October 2025.

7.7 Based on the findings from this impact assessment, outline any mitigating actions that will reduce the impact caused by the policy on individuals, including children and young people. The actions should also outline the communication and implementation of the policy.			
Identified adverse impact	Mitigating actions	Timeline	Responsible person
Change to frequency could increase the amount of excess waste that residents have.	We will publish information on home composting and reducing the amount of food waste via the council's website and social media.		Neighbourhood Services

8. Approval

If the full impact assessment has been completed, complete below.

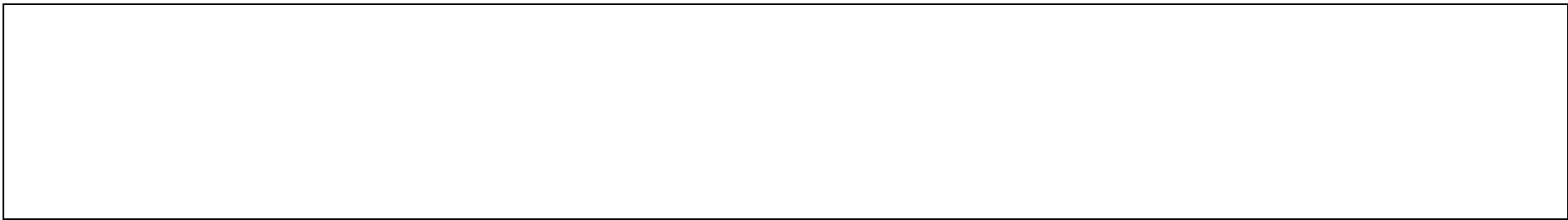
Name of policy:	BROWN BIN (GARDEN / FOOD WASTE) COLLECTION PROPOSAL
Date approved:	09.04.2025
Approved by:	Kenny Markwick

(Head of Service/Director level)	
Department:	Environment

9. No assessment required

If the screening has indicated a full assessment is not required, complete below.

Policy/Decision Title	
Department/ Service	
Responsible officer for taking decision	
Rationale for decision	Please record why an assessment is not required and what your justification is for making that decision. This must include confirmation that the policy has no relevance for people with protected characteristics or impact on human rights or socio-economic inequalities.
Declaration: I confirm the decision <u>not</u> to carry out an Equality, Fairness and Rights Impact Assessment has been authorised by: Name and Job Title: Date Authorisation given:	



Version Control

Date of change	Amendment	Owner
Feb 2021	First publication	C Coburn
June 2023	Introduction and Guidance sections added Formatting changes throughout	C Coburn