



**East Renfrewshire Performance Report
1st October 2022 - 31st December 2022**



SCOTTISH
FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE
Working together for a safer Scotland

**Working together
for a safer Scotland**

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East Renfrewshire Performance Report

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






Local Fire and Rescue Service Plan Priorities

The Local Fire and Rescue Service Plan has been developed to set out the priorities and objectives within East Renfrewshire and allows our local authority partners to scrutinise the performance outcomes of these priorities. We will continue to work closely with our partners in East Renfrewshire to ensure we are all **“Working Together for a Safer Scotland”** through targeting risks to our communities at a local level.

The plan has been developed to complement key partnership activity embedded across East Renfrewshire Community Plan and associated Delivery and Thematic plans. Through partnership working we will seek to deliver continuous improvement in our performance and effective service delivery in our area of operations.




The Local Fire and Rescue Plan for East Renfrewshire identified six areas for demand reduction and is subject to regular monitoring and reporting through the Police / Fire and Rescue Committee. A summary of the priorities and current activity is detailed below with further detail and analysis contained within this performance report.

	Accidental Dwelling Fires	Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties	Unintentional Injury and Harm	Deliberate Fire Setting	Non-Domestic Fire Safety	Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals
Barrhead, Liboside & Uplawmoor	4	0	8	13	1	18
Clarkston, Netherlee & Williamwood	2	0	2	3	1	11
Giffnock & Thornliebank	6	0	0	2	3	13
Newton Mearns North & Neilston	3	0	1	4	1	20
Newton Mearns South & Eaglesham	1	0	1	5	1	18

Total Incidents	16	0	12	27	7	80
Year on Year Change	 45%	 -100%	 100%	 42%	 40%	 -12%
3 Year Average Change	 -8%	 -20%	 15%	 -18%	 -6%	 -4%

About the statistics within this report

The activity totals and other statistics quoted within this report are published in the interests of transparency and openness. They are provisional in nature and subject to change as a result of ongoing quality assurance and review. Because all statistics quoted are provisional there may be a difference in the period totals quoted in our reports after local publication which result from revisions or additions to the data in our systems. The Scottish Government publishes official statistics each year which allow for comparisons to be made over longer periods of time.

-  Activity levels have reduced by more than 5%
-  Activity levels have reduced by up to 5%
-  Activity levels have increased overall

East Renfrewshire Activity Summary ⁴²



fires
primary &
secondary



84

special
services



164

false
alarms



303
total number of
incidents



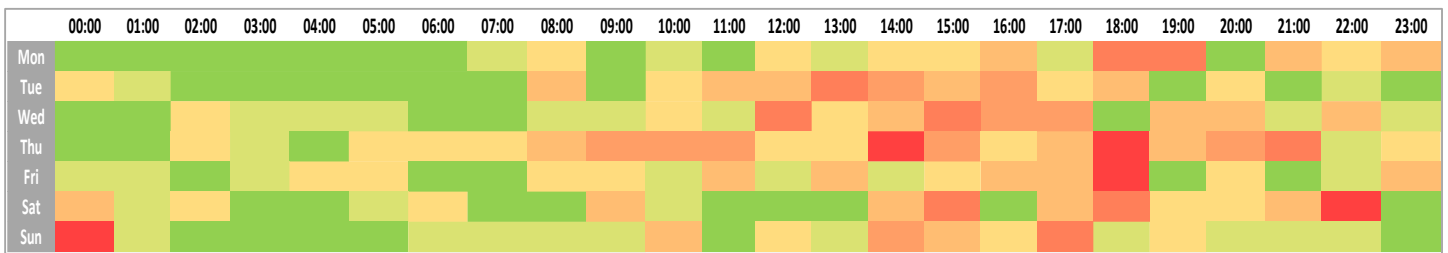
13
fire & non-fire
casualties



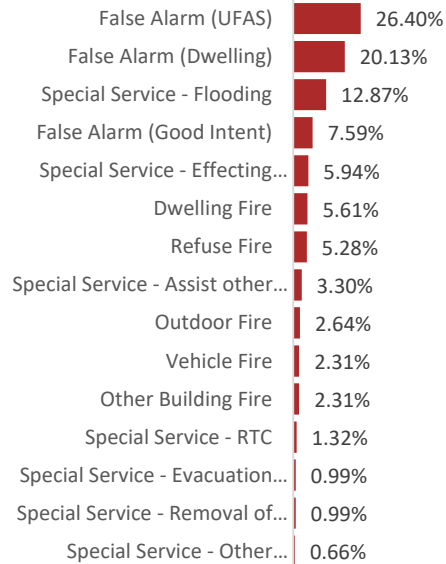
£157,600
economic cost of
ufas incidents

*data above is year on year change

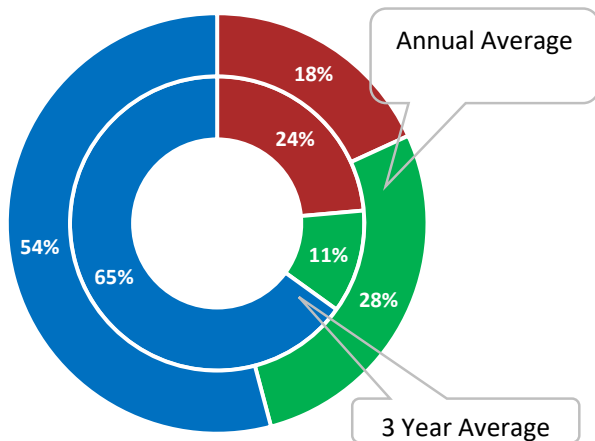
Activity by Time of Day



Top 15 Incidents Types by %

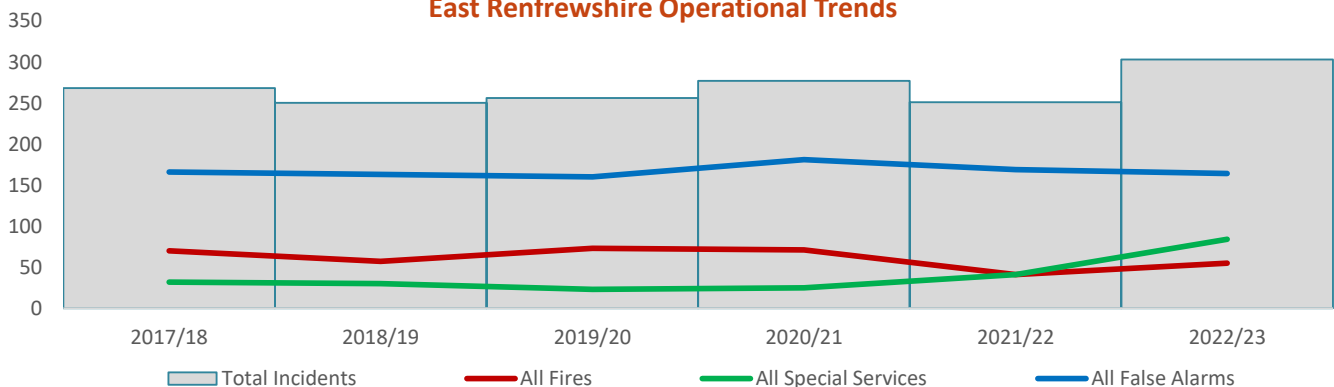


Incidents by Classification



■ All Fires ■ All Special Services ■ All False Alarms

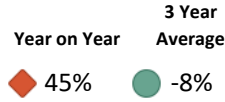
East Renfrewshire Operational Trends



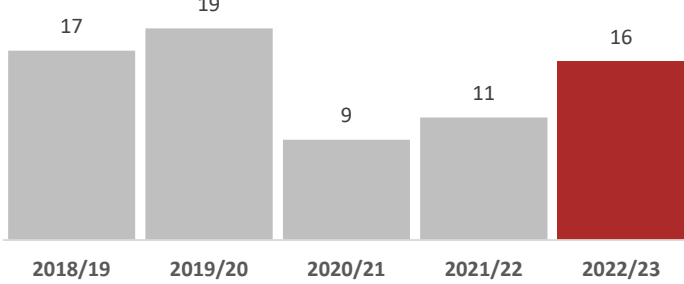
Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fires



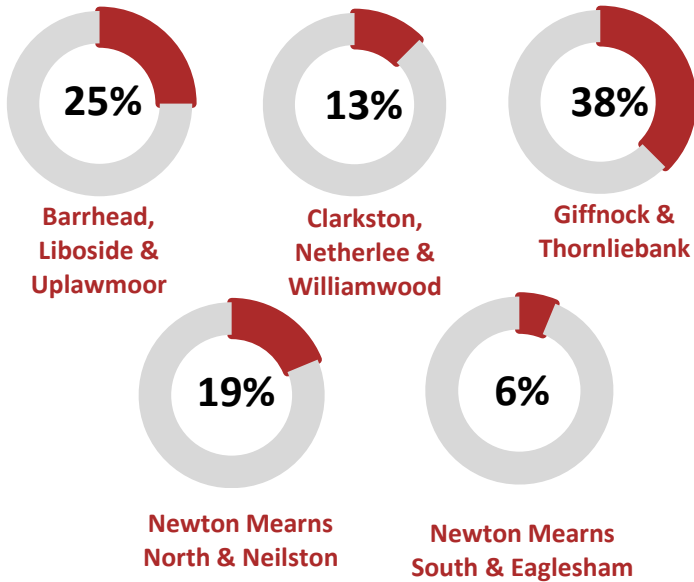
Performance Summary



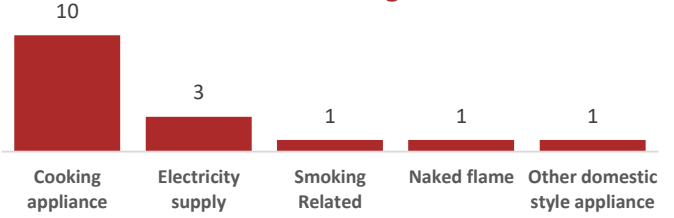
Accidental Dwelling Fires



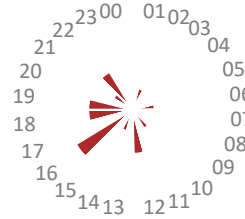
Accidental Dwelling Fires Activity by Ward (% share)



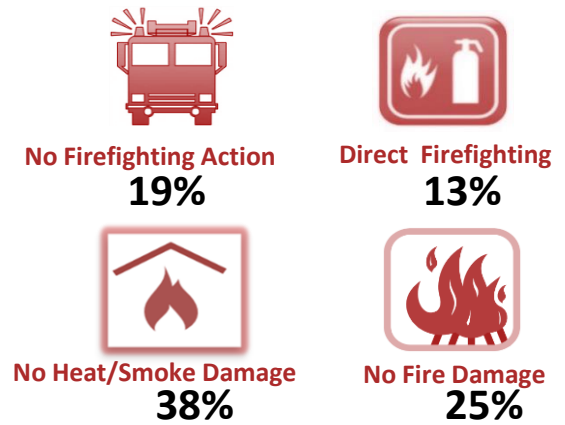
Main Source of Ignition



Accidental Dwelling Fires by Time of Day



Severity of Accidental Dwelling Fires



Human Factors



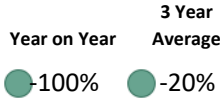
Automatic Detection & Actuation



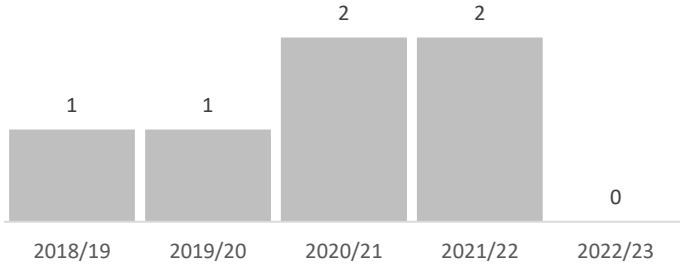
You will note an increase to the year on year indicator of 45% however, this is against an extremely low figure of 11 incidents in the same reporting period last year with an increase of 5 incidents over the 13 week period. It is pleasing to note an overall reduction of 8% against the three-year indicator. Cooking is again the main contributor, accounting for over 70% of the activity however, it is positive to note that detection was present in 100% of the premises and the detection actuated in 91% of them, giving early warning. Once again this confirms public awareness in relation to the importance of the installation and maintenance of fire detection within the home.

Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties

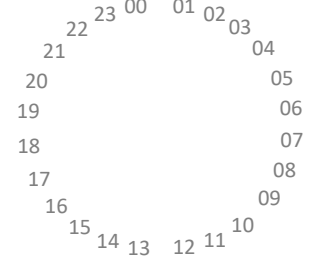
Performance Summary



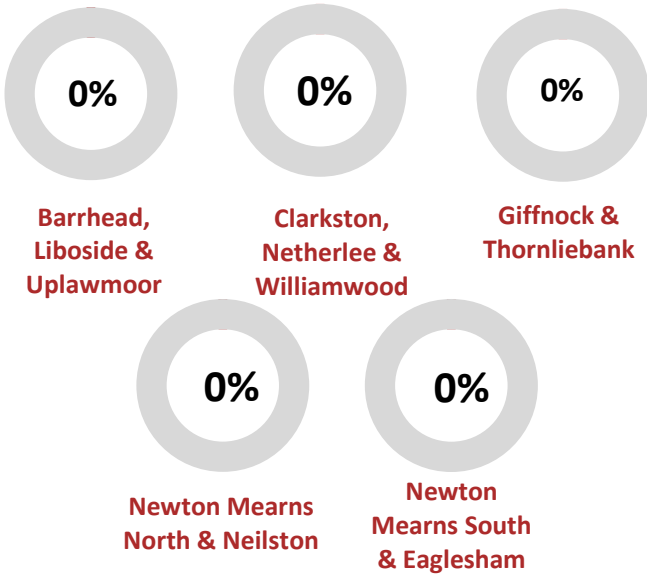
Accidental Dwelling Fires Casualties



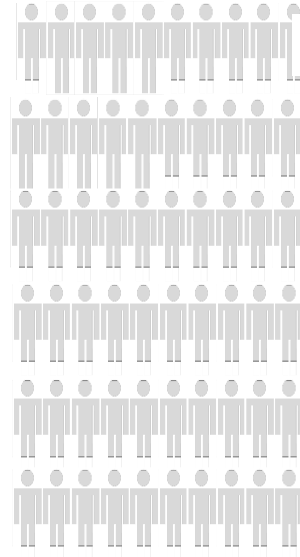
Fire Casualties by Time of Day



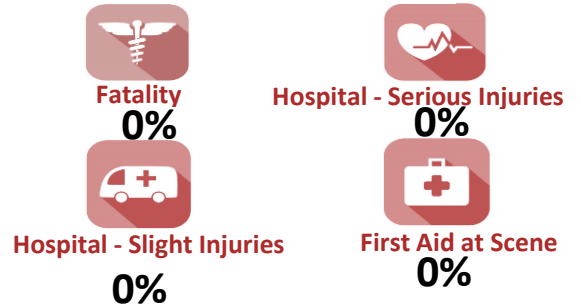
Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties by Ward (% share)



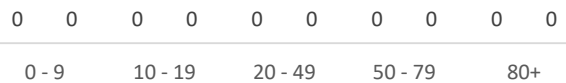
Nature of Injury



Extent of Harm



Age / Gender Profile



It is positive to report that there has been a significant reduction in both the year on year and three year indicators in regard to accidental dwelling fire casualties. This reduction again confirms that early detection is crucial in reducing injury sustained from dwelling fires.

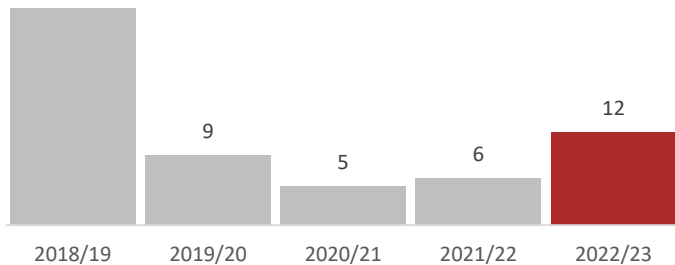
Unintentional Injury and Harm 45



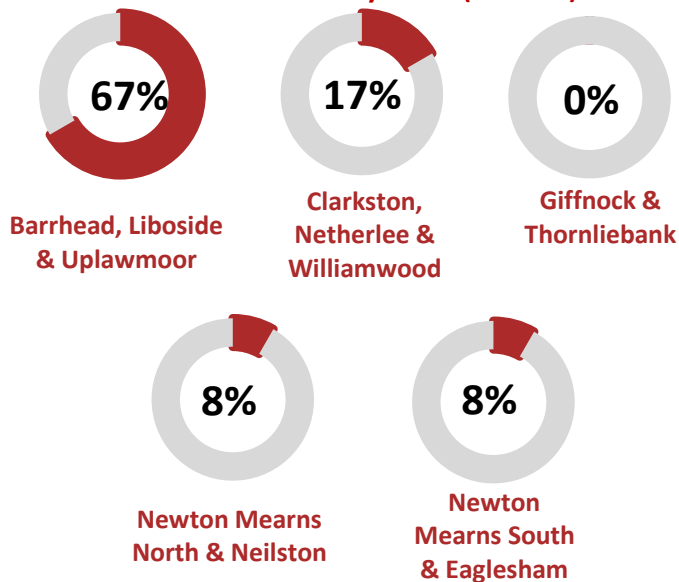
Performance Summary



Non-Fire Casualties

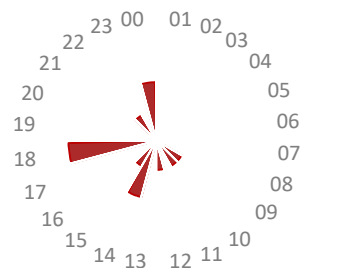


Non-Fire Casualties by Ward (% share)

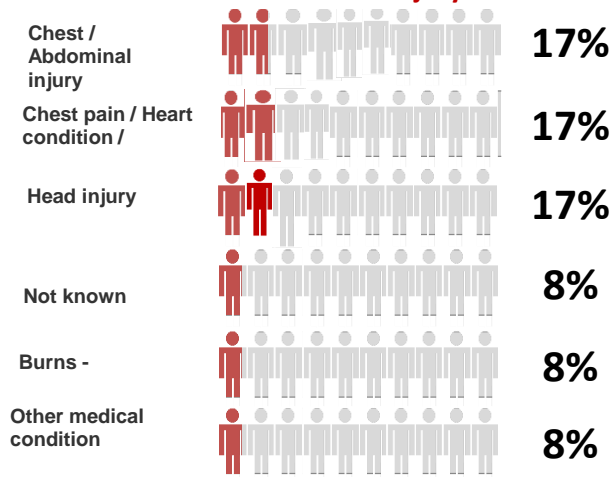


It is disappointing to note an increase in both the year on year and three year indicators however, it is also important to note that 50% of this activity is attached to supporting other agencies in gaining access to property.

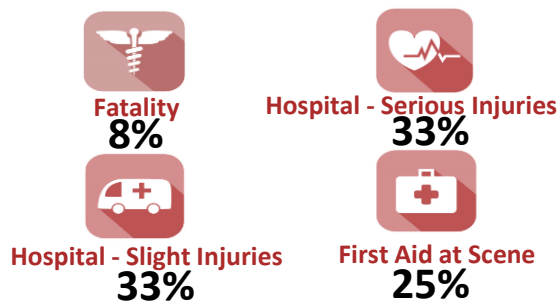
Non-Fire Casualties by Time of Day



Nature of Injury



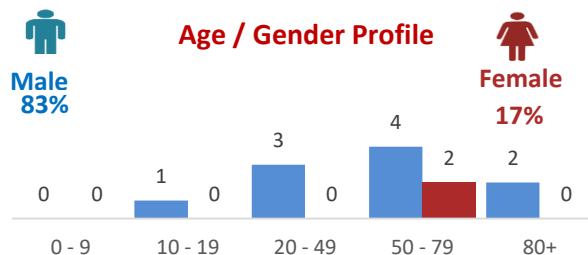
Extent of Harm



Non-Fire Emergency Activity



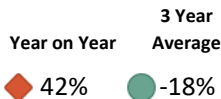
Age / Gender Profile



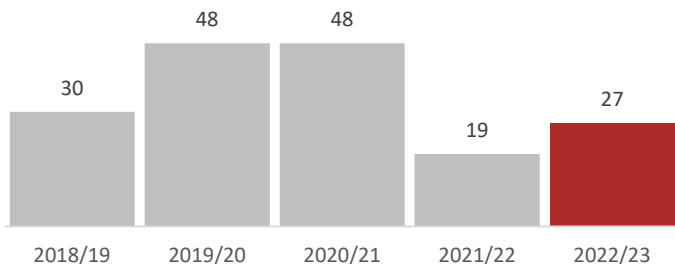
Deliberate Fire Setting



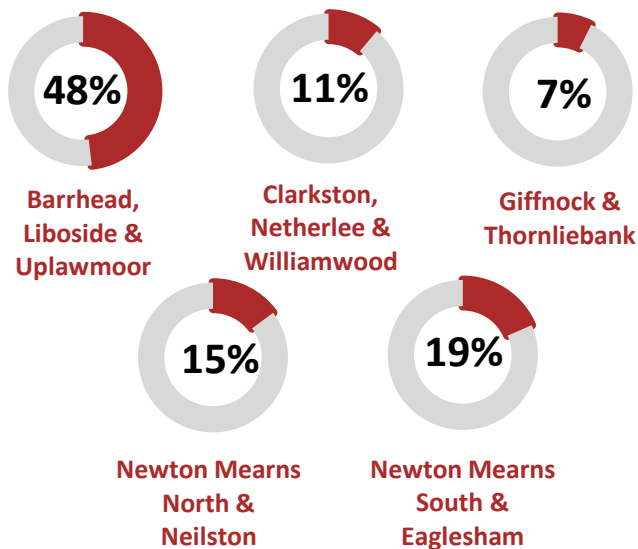
Performance Summary



Deliberate Fires



Deliberate Fires by Ward (% share)



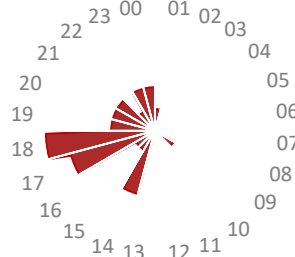
Definitions

Primary Fires - all fires in buildings, vehicles and outdoor structures or any fire involving casualties, rescues or fires attended by five or more appliances

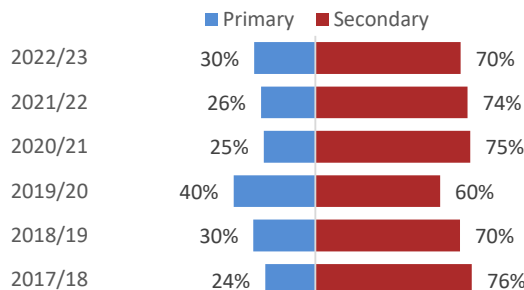
Secondary Fires - fire incidents that did not occur at a primary location, was not a chimney fire in an occupied building, did not involve casualties (otherwise categorised as a primary incident) and was attended by four or fewer appliances.

It is disappointing to report an increase of 42% in deliberate fire setting within the year on year indicator however, this is against low figures in the previous year and it is positive to note there is an 18% reduction in the three year average. The vast majority of these incidents were secondary fires involving refuse and primary fires involving private vehicles.

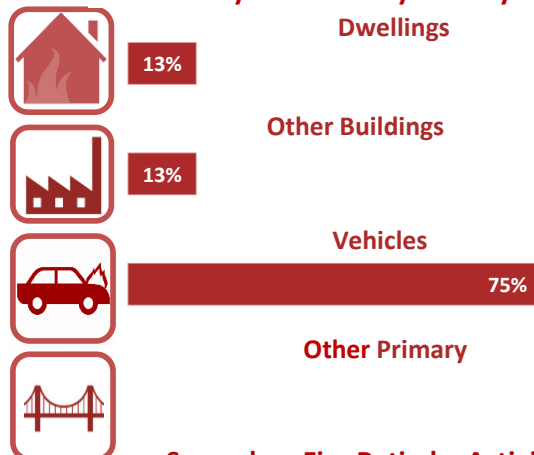
Deliberate Fires by Time of Day



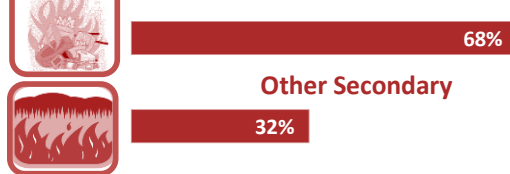
Deliberate Fires by Classification



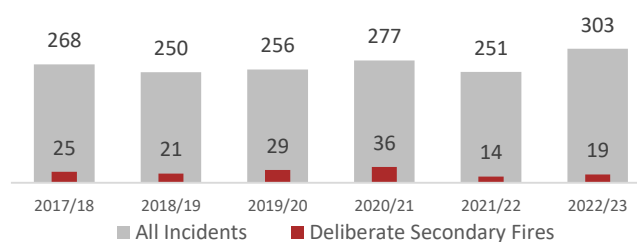
Primary Fire Ratio by Activity Type



Secondary Fire Ratio by Activity Type



Deliberate Fires Compared to Operational Activity



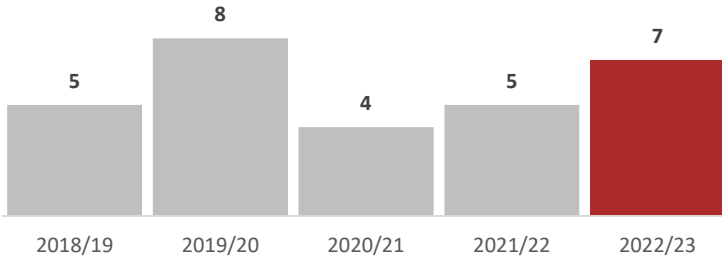
Non Domestic Fire Safety



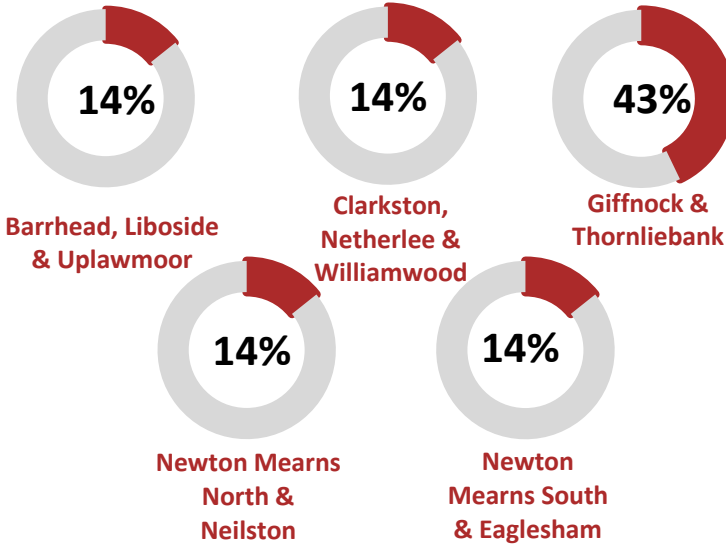
Performance Summary

Year on Year ◆ 40% 3 Year Average ● -6%

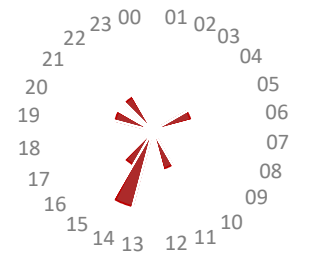
Non Domestic Fires



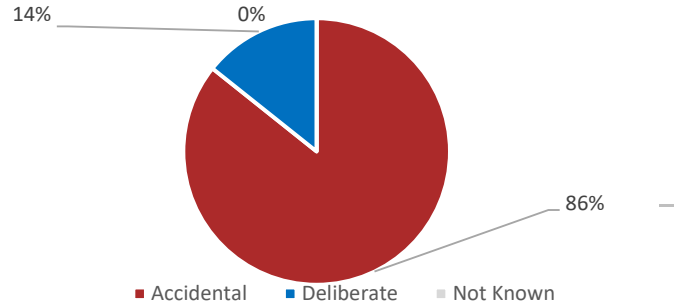
Non-Domestic Fires by Ward (% share)



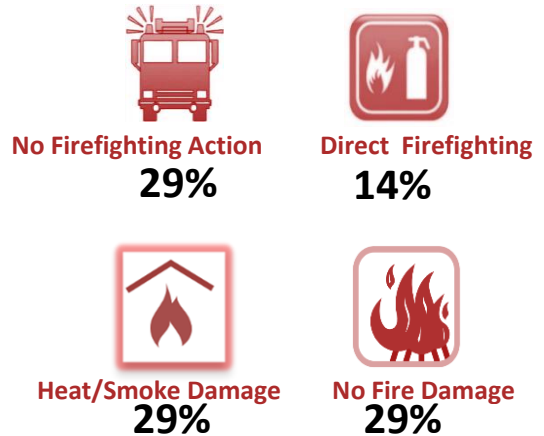
Non-Domestic Fires by Time of Day



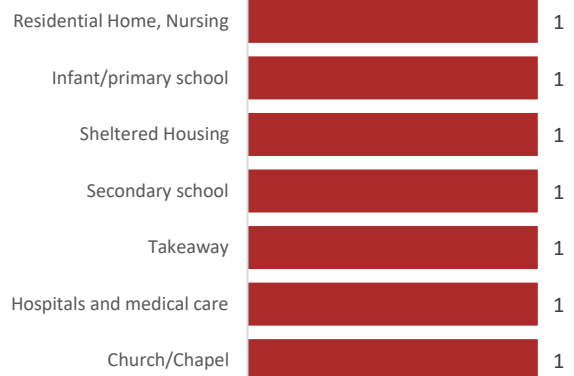
Non-Domestic Fires by Nature of Origin



Severity of Non-Domestic Fires



Non-Domestic Fires by Premises Type

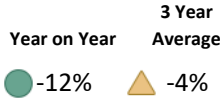


There has been an increase in non-domestic fires in the year on year indicator however, once again this is against historical low numbers. It is encouraging to note a reduction on the three year average and it is also pleasing to report that the majority were accidental and firefighting action was only required at one of the incidents with damage limited to the refuse store and canopy at the rear of the premises.

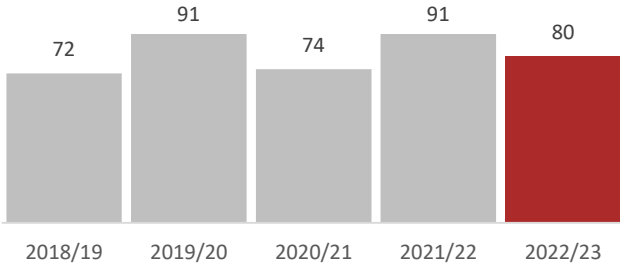
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals



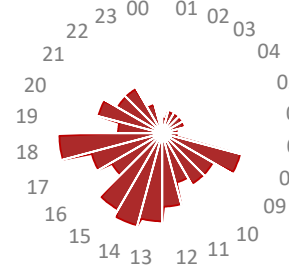
Performance Summary



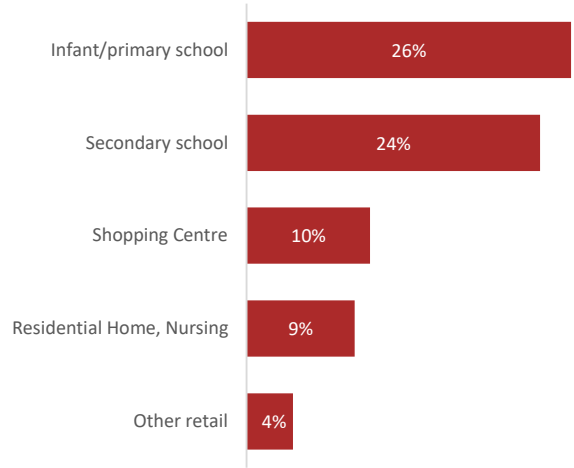
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals



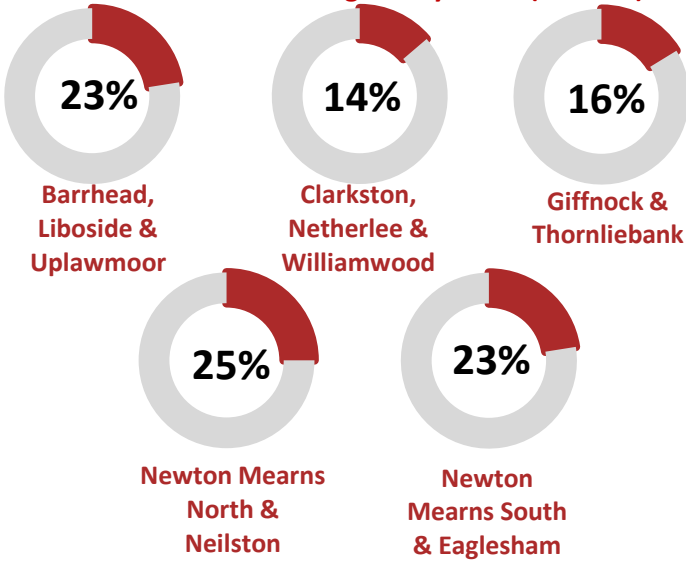
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals by Time of Day



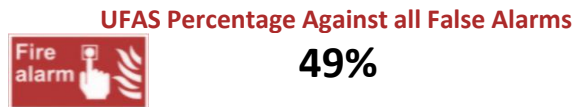
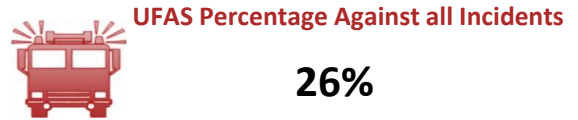
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals - Top 5 Premises



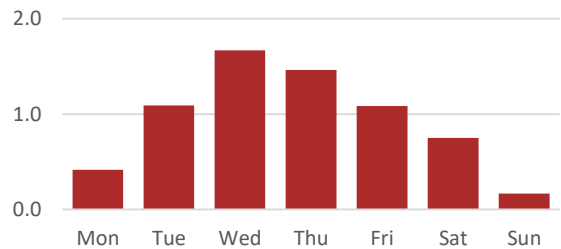
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals by Ward (% share)



Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals Activity Ratios



Average Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals per Day



It is encouraging to report a decrease in Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals within both indicators with the majority again being within educational facilities with the main cause being accidental, system faults and cooking. This once again highlights that the majority of UFAS incidents are avoidable.